



Security Council

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Resolution 14 (2005)

Adopted by the Security Council at its 11th meeting, on 10 August 2005

The Security Council,

Recognizing the importance of international cooperation to protect and promote peace, security and stability in all regions of the world,

Believing that proliferation of nuclear weapons constitutes a threat to international peace and security,

Reaffirming that a nuclear-free zone in the Middle East is a desirable long-term goal for not only the stability of the Middle East but also for the international community, according to the example set by the Plindaba Treaty and the Protocol of the Southeast Asian Nations Nuclear Weapon Free Zone Treaty,

Recognizing the information from the State of Israel that details their suspicions of the Islamic Republic of Iran's nuclear activities,

Emphasizing the right of every member of the Nonproliferation Treaty to research, produce and use nuclear energy for peaceful purposes without discrimination,

Noting with deep concern the recent declaration of the Islamic Republic of Iran to end its voluntary suspension of uranium enrichment activities,

Convinced that the International Atomic Energy Agency represents an objective third party for inspecting the nuclear facilities of the Islamic Republic of Iran, but that it is not within their remit to clarify the present situation,

Welcoming the recent initiative by the Islamic Republic of Iran to resume talks on their nuclear program with the international community,

Recognizing the right of the Islamic Republic of Iran to the peaceful use of nuclear energy under Article 4 of the Non Proliferation Treaty,

Recalling the agreement reached on the 4th August 2002 to temporarily suspend the uranium enrichment program, between the Islamic Republic of Iran and France, United Kingdom and Germany (E3),

1. *Urges* further talks between the international community, the Islamic Republic of Iran and the State of Israel on the threat of nuclear arms race in the Middle East to build sustainable mutual trust and confidence;

2. *Endorses* future regular and continuing talks between the Islamic Republic of Iran and the E3/EU on the national nuclear program;
3. *Invites* the Islamic Republic of Iran and the State of Israel to start negotiations under the auspices of the United Nations, to decrease current tensions between the parties involved and decide the nature of future inspections;
4. *Reiterates* the need for the Islamic Republic of Iran to ratify the Additional Protocol of the Nonproliferation Treaty;
5. *Suggests* that the State of Israel consider the initiation of serious negotiations over the possible signing of the Nonproliferation Treaty;
6. *Decides* that the Islamic Republic of Iran and the State of Israel shall permanently suspend all nuclear related activities at declared and undeclared sites which have the sole purpose to design nuclear weapons, and that this process should be verified by a special taskforce under the auspices of the Security Council and the IAEA;
7. *Reminds* the Security Council to define the size, the extent and the nuclear materials of future inspections in a later conference taking part within two weeks;
8. *Strongly urges* the member states of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty to reach a mutual platform regarding the review of the Nuclear Nonproliferation Treaty in coming months and to enhance multilateral and bilateral safeguard systems of the International Atomic Energy Agency regarding nuclear security and verification;
9. *Decides* to remain seized of the matter.